## IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application.

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (*Previously amended*) A method in a computer system for displaying data on gene expression in a molecular topography, comprising:
- (a) generating a gene expression profile of a plurality of gene-expression indicating polynucleotides including for each of the polynucleotides:
  - (i) a first value for a first polynucleotide characteristic comprising a sequence identifier;
  - (ii) a second value for a second polynucleotide-characteristic different from said first characteristic comprising a measure of size of the polynucleotide; and
    - (iii) a third value that is a measure of the quantity of the polynucleotide;
- (b) calculating for each polynucleotide from the first and second values a position, and from the third value a peak at that position in a multi-dimensional display space; and
- (c) displaying the peak for each polynucleotide at the calculated position for the polynucleotide in the display, the resulting display representing thereby a molecular topography of gene expression.
  - 4. (Canceled)
  - 5. (Canceled)
  - 6. (Canceled)
  - 7. (Canceled)
  - 8. (Canceled)
  - 9. (Canceled)
  - 10. (Canceled)

- 11. (*Previously amended*) A method in a computer system for displaying differences in gene expression, comprising:
- (1) for each of a first gene expression profile and a second gene expression profile to be compared, generating a molecular topography according to a method in a computer system for analyzing and displaying data on gene expression in a molecular topography, comprising:
  - (a) generating a gene expression profile of a plurality of gene-expression indicating polynucleotides including for each of the polynucleotides:
    - (i) a first value for a first polynucleotide characteristic,
    - (ii) a second value for a second polynucleotide-characteristic different from said first characteristic, and
      - (iii) a third value that is a measure of the quantity of the polynucleotide;
  - (b) calculating for each polynucleotide from the first and second values a position in a two co-ordinate display space, and from the third value a peak at that position; and
  - (c) displaying the peak for each polynucleotide at the calculated position for the polynucleotide in the display, the resulting display representing thereby a molecular topography of gene expression,
- (2) for each position in the two co-ordinate display space subtracting the measure of quantity in the first gene expression profile from the measure of quantity in the second gene expression profile;
  - (3) for each position, generating a peak for display from the difference; and
- (4) displaying the respective difference peak at each of the positions in the two coordinate display space.
- 12. (*Previously amended*) A method in a computer system for displaying differences in gene expression, comprising:
  - (1) for each of a first gene expression profile and a second gene expression profile to

be compared, generating a molecular topography according to a method, comprising:

- (a) generating a gene expression profile of a plurality of gene-expression indicating polynucleotides including for each of the polynucleotides:
  - (i) a first value for a first polynucleotide characteristic;
  - (ii) a second value for a second polynucleotide-characteristic different from said first characteristic; and
    - (iii) a third value that is a measure of the quantity of the polynucleotide;
  - (b) calculating for each polynucleotide from the first and second values a position in a two-co-ordinate display space, and from the third value calculating a peak at that position; and
  - (c) displaying the peak for each polynucleotide at the calculated position for the polynucleotide in the display, the resulting display representing thereby a molecular topography of gene expression
- (2) for each position in the two co-ordinate display space subtracting the measure of quantity in the first gene expression profile from the measure of quantity in the second gene expression profile;
  - (3) for each position, generating a peak for display from the difference; and
- (4) displaying the respective difference peak at each of the positions in the two coordinate display space,

wherein differences are displayed only if they meet or exceed a threshold value.

- 13. (*Previously amended*) A method in a computer system for comparing gene expression, comprising:
- (1) for each of a first gene expression profile and a second gene expression profile to be compared, generating a molecular topography according to claim 11,
- (2) for each position in the two co-ordinate display space subtracting a first measure of quantity in the first profile from a second measure of quantity in the second profile to generate respective difference values;

- (3) calculating from the respective difference values a measure of difference of the two profiles.
- 14. (*Previously amended*) The method of claim 13, wherein the first profile is a standard reference profile and the second profile is a profile of a test sample.
- 15. (*Original*) The method of claim 14, wherein comparison of the test sample profile with the standard reference profile is diagnostic of a condition or disease.
- 16. (*Original*) The method of claim 15, wherein the first profile is a profile of a reference sample and the second profile is a profile of a test sample.
- 17. (*Original*) The method of claim 16, wherein comparison of the profile of the test sample with the profile of the reference sample is diagnostic of a condition or disease.
- 18. (*Original*) The method of claim 13 wherein the difference value is set to zero when the difference between the first measure and the second measure is less than two-fold.
- 19. (*Original*) The method of claim 13 wherein the first profile is identical to the second profile when all the respective first and second measures are identical.
- 20. (*Original*) The method of claim 13 wherein the first profile is similar to the second profile when the average difference between the respective first and second measures is less than a predefined amount.
  - 21. (Canceled)
  - 22. (Canceled)
  - 23. (Canceled
  - 24. (Canceled)